

MUMPS IN PETSc AND HPDDM

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MUMPS User Days, June 23, 2023

https://joliv.et/MUD_2023.pdf

Application Codes

Higher-Level Libraries and Frameworks



TS
Time Steppers

Pseudo-Transient, Runge-Kutta, IMEX, SSP, ...
Local and Global Error Estimators
Adaptive Timestepping
Event Handling
Sensitivity via Adjoints

 **TAO**
Optimization Solvers

PDE-Constrained
Adjoint-Based
Derivative-Free

Levenberg-Marquardt
Newton's Method
Interior Point Methods

SNES
Nonlinear Solvers

Newton Linesearch Successive Substitution
Newton Trust Region Nonlinear CG
BFGS (Quasi-Newton) Active Set VI
Nonlinear Gauss-Seidel

KSP
Linear Solvers

CG, GMRES, BiCGStab, FGMRES, ...
Pipelined Krylov Methods
Hierarchical Krylov Methods

 **DM**
Domain Management

 **DMDA**
Regular Grids

 **DMplex**
Unstructured Meshes

 **DMForest**
Forest-of-trees, AMR

 **DMStag**
Staggered Grids

 **DMNetwork**
Networks

 **DMSwarm**
Particles

PC
Preconditioners

ILU/ICG
Additive Schwarz
Fieldsplit (Block Preconditioners)
PCMG (Geometric Multigrid)
GAMG (Algebraic Multigrid)

Vec
Vectors

IS
Index Sets

Mat
Linear Operators

AIJ (Compressed Sparse Row)
SAIJ (Symmetric)
BAIJ (Blocked)
Dense
GPU Matrices

PetscSF
Parallel Communication

SLEPc
Eigensolvers

Communication and Computational Kernels

MPI

BLAS/LAPACK

Kokkos

CUDA

...

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- runtime composability (different types and solvers)

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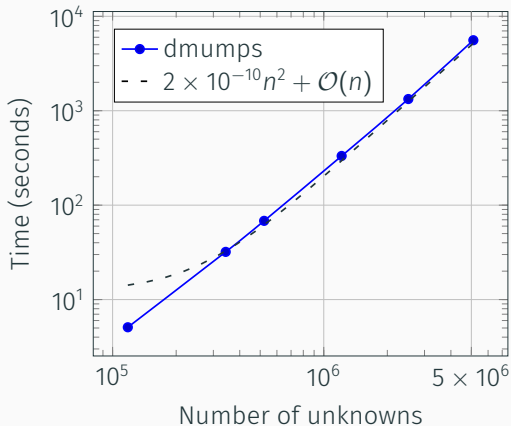
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- different PETSc and MUMPS precision (WIP)

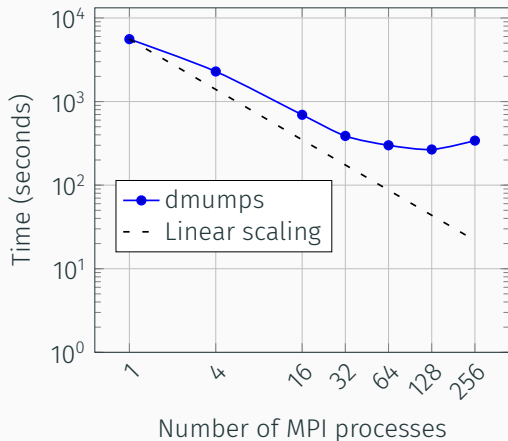
COMPLEXITY STUDY, CASE #1

- 3D linear elasticity, piecewise linear FE
- sequential, double-precision, exact LDL^T factorization



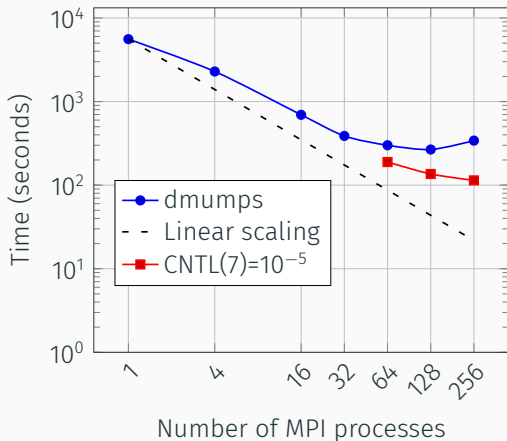
→ fighting an uphill battle

PERFORMANCE STUDY FOR THE 5M UNKNOWNNS



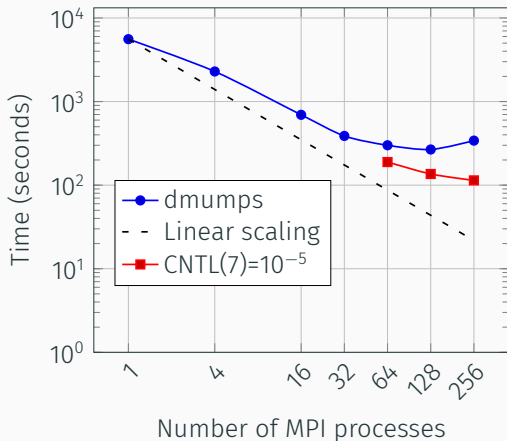
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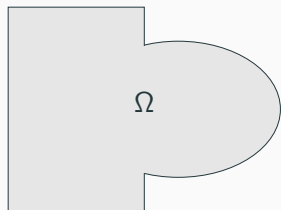
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- still not quite ideal, 20% efficiency

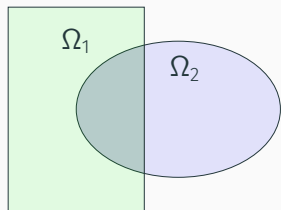
DOMAIN DECOMPOSITION PRECONDITIONING

- global linear system $Ax = b \in \mathbb{R}^n$



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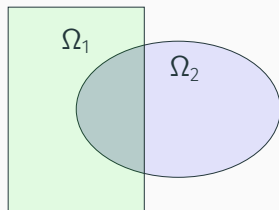
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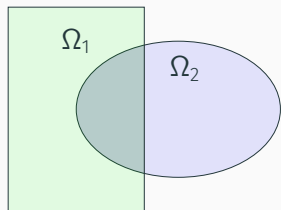
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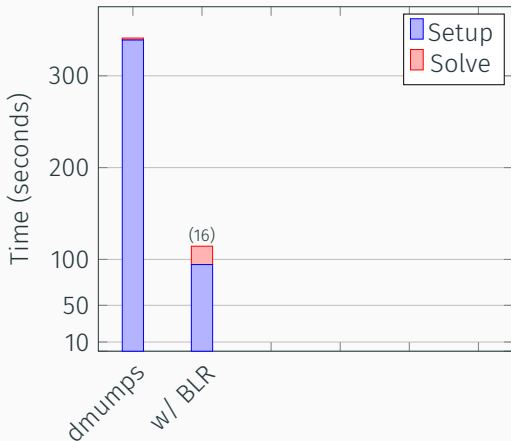
→ not so easy, M_{ASM}^{-1} doesn't scale (numerically) as $N \rightarrow +\infty$

- <https://github.com/hpddm/hpddm>
- spectral coarse correction $M_{\text{additive}}^{-1} = ZA_C^{-1}Z^T + M_{\text{ASM}}^{-1}$
with $A_C = Z^T AZ$

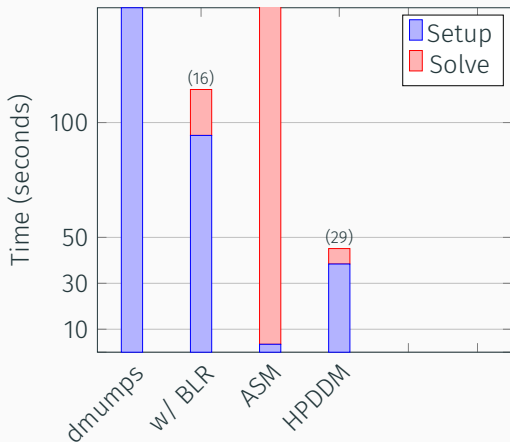
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- three instances of MUMPS in a typical preconditioner
 - local eigensolver (computation of local “ Z_i ”)
 - local subdomain solver $(R_i A R_i^T)^{-1}$
 - distributed coarse operator solver $(Z^T A Z)^{-1}$

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- spectral coarse correction $M_{\text{additive}}^{-1} = ZA_C^{-1}Z^T + M_{\text{ASM}}^{-1}$
with $A_C = Z^T AZ$
- three instances of MUMPS in a typical preconditioner
 - local eigensolver
 - local subdomain solver (reuse symbolic factorization)
 - distributed coarse operator solver
- runtime flexibility
 - `-pc_hpddm_levels_1_sub_mat_mumps_...`
 - `-pc_hpddm_coarse_mat_mumps_...`

5M UNKNOWN ON 256 PROCESSES

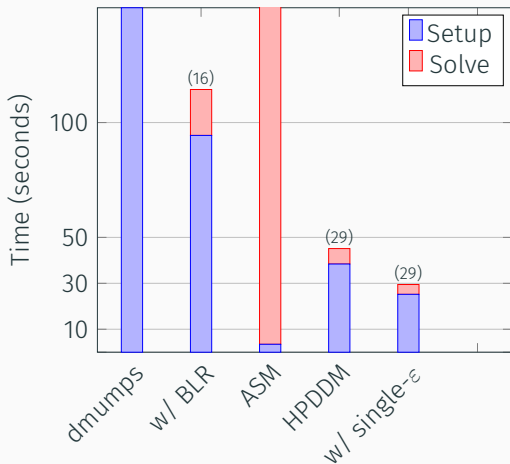


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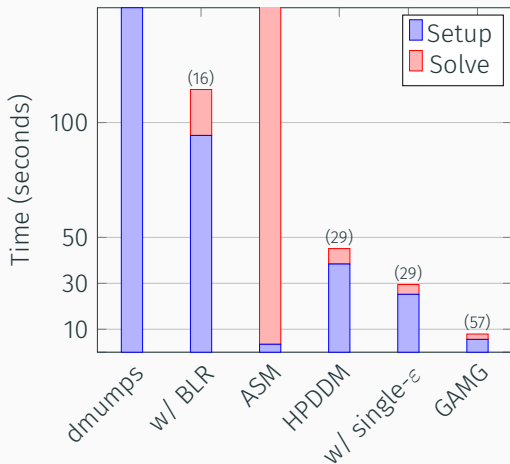
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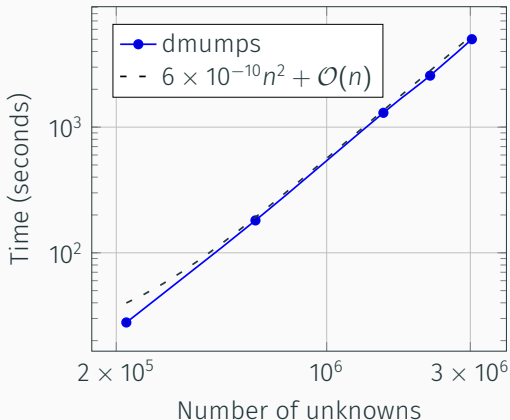
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- breaking the complexity of the exact factorization
- low-precision subdomain/coarse solvers
- disclaimer: difficult to beat AMG (when it converges)

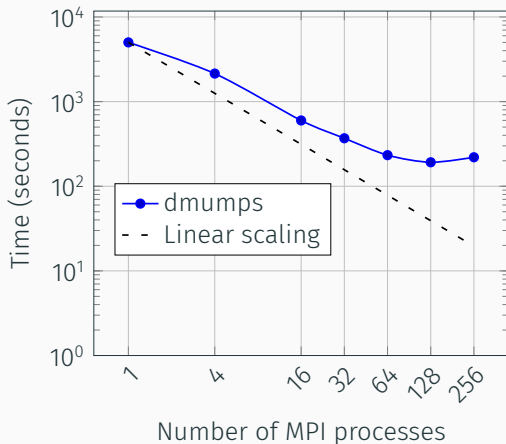
COMPLEXITY STUDY, CASE #2

- 3D Stokes equation, lowest-order Taylor–Hood FE
- sequential, double-precision, exact LDL^T factorization



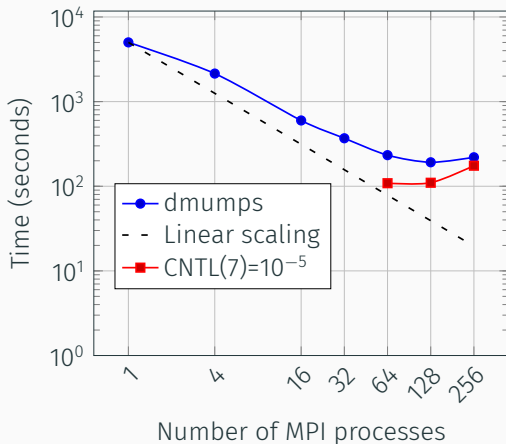
→ variable block size

PERFORMANCE STUDY FOR THE 3M UNKNOWNNS



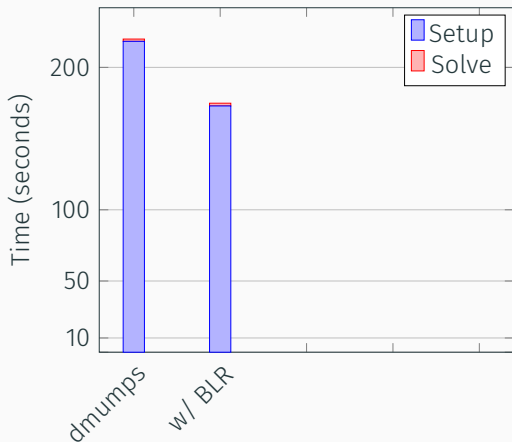
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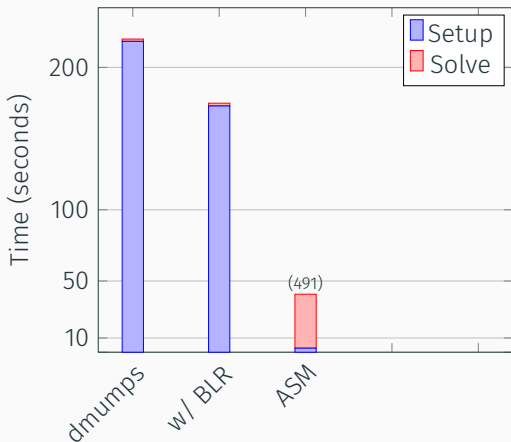


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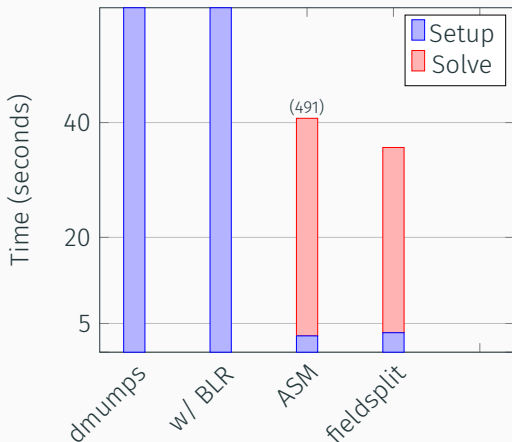


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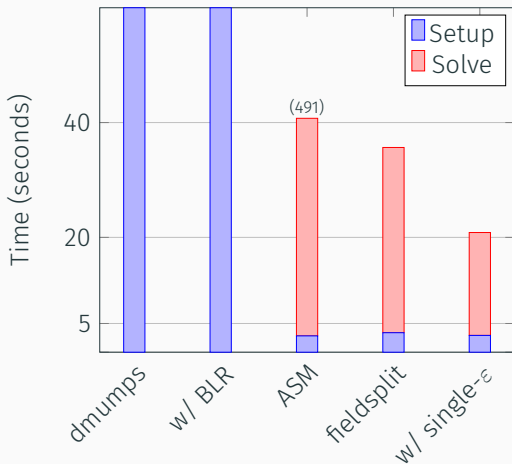
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- o `-fieldsplit_0_`

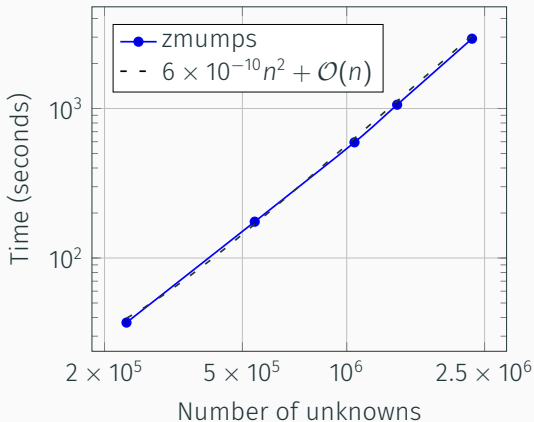
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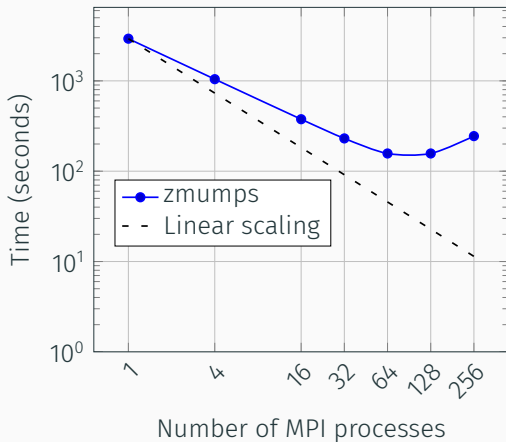
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- o `-fieldsplit_0_sub_pc_precision single`

COMPLEXITY STUDY, CASE #3

- 3D Maxwell equation, order-two Nédélec FE
- sequential, double-precision, exact LDL^T factorization

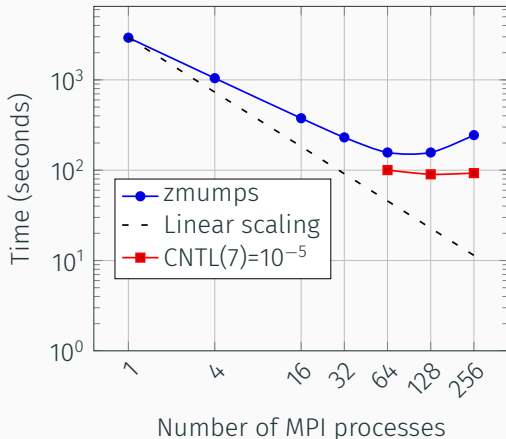


PERFORMANCE STUDY FOR THE 2M UNKNOWNNS



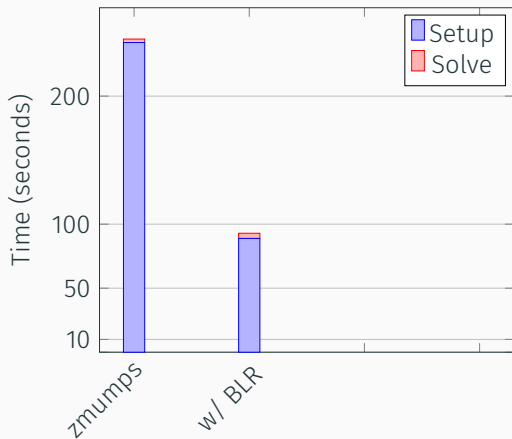
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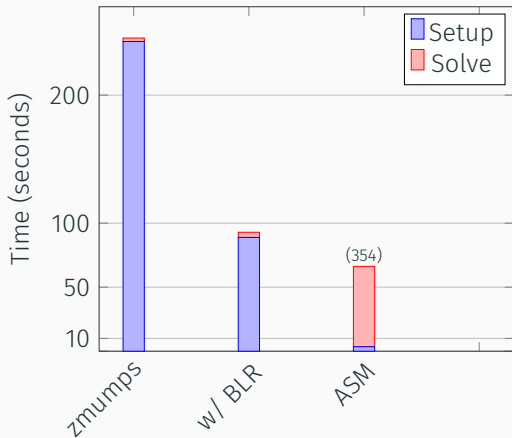
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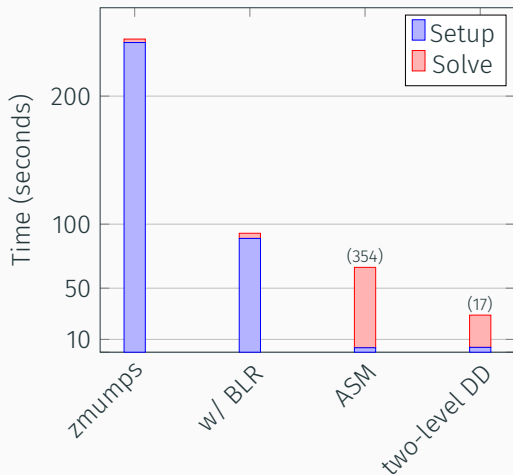
- FGMRES with a 10^{-5} tolerance

2M UNKNOWN ON 256 PROCESSES



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- FGMRES with a 10^{-5} tolerance
- better convergence with a coarse grid correction

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- runtime tuning
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Thank you!